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Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Give the definition of an Algorithm and also discuss the characteristics of an Algorithm. (05 Marks)
- b. Define Space Complexity and Time Complexity of an algorithm and compute the time complexity of Fibonacci Numbers algorithm. (05 Marks)
- c. What are the various basic Asymptotic efficiency classes? Explain Big - O , Big - Ω , Big - θ notations with examples. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Give the Mathematical Analysis of Non recursive Matrix Multiplication Algorithm. (05 Marks)
- b. Give the general plan for analyzing Time efficiency of Recursive algorithms and also Analyze the Tower of Hanoi Recursive algorithm. (10 Marks)
- c. Mention the important problem types considered for design and analysis. Explain any two problem types. (05 Marks)

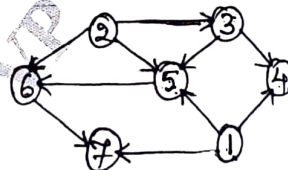
Module-2

- 3 a. Give the Recursive algorithm to find maximum and minimum element from the list and apply the algorithm to find maximum and minimum to the list [31 , 22 , 12 , -7 , 75 , -6 , 17 , 47 , 60], (10 Marks)
- b. Apply both mergesort and quicksort algorithm to sort the characters VTUBELAGAVI. (10 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Apply Strassen's algorithm for matrix multiplication to multiply the following matrices and justify how the Strassen's algorithm is better. (10 Marks)
- $$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
- b. Obtain the topological sort for the graph , Fig. Q4(b) using i) Source Removal method (10 Marks)
ii) DFS method.

Fig. Q4(b)



Module-3

- 5 a. Solve the Greedy Knapsack problem, Fig, Q5(a) of capacity 5kgs. (05 Marks)

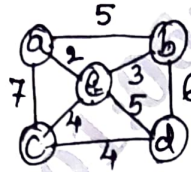
Fig. Q5(a)

Items	1	2	3	4
Profit	5	9	4	8
Weight	1	3	2	2

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- b. Find the Optimal solution for the Greedy Job sequencing problem given $n = 4$, profits [10, 30, 60, 40], deadlines [2, 3, 1, 3]. (05 Marks)
- c. Apply Prim's and Kruskal's algorithm to find the minimal cost spanning tree for the graph given in Fig. Q5(c). (10 Marks)

Fig. Q5(c)



OR

- 6 a. A document contains the letters "A" through "E" with frequencies is follows :
 A : 22 , B : 13 , C : 18 , D : 16 , E : 31.
 Construct a Huffman Tree and codes and
 Encode : CAB , ADD , BAD , ACE
 Decode : 110011 and 1000110001. (10 Marks)
- b. Apply Heapsort for the list [9, 7, 1, 8, 3, 6, 2, 4, 10, 5] using Bottom up approach. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Apply Floyd's algorithm to find the all pairs shortest path for the given adjacency matrix. Fig. Q7(a). (10 Marks)

Fig. Q7(a)

$$W = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & \infty & 1 & 5 \\ 9 & 0 & 3 & 2 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & 4 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

- b. Solve the instance of 0/1 Knapsack problem Fig. Q7(b), using Dynamic Programming approach. (10 Marks)

Item	Weight	Value
1	2	\$ 12
2	1	\$ 10
3	3	\$ 20
4	2	\$ 15

Capacity $W = 5$

Fig. Q7(b)

OR

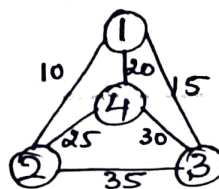
- 8 a. Construct an Optimal Binary search tree for the set of keys given in Fig. Q8(a). (10 Marks)

Keys	A	B	C	D
Probability	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3

Fig. Q8(a)

- b. Apply Dynamic programming approach to solve the given Travelling Salesman problem. (10 Marks)

Fig. Q8(b)

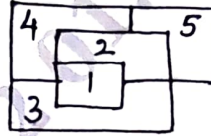


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Module-5

- 9 a. With the help of State Space tree, solve the 4 – queens problem by using Backtracking approach. (10 Marks)
- b. Color the regions in the Map given in Fig. Q9(b) , by applying backtracking graph color algorithm. Color = (R G B & Y). (10 Marks)

Fig. Q9(b)



OR

- 10 a. Apply LC – Branch and Bound approach to the assignment problem Fig. Q10(a). (10 Marks)

Fig. Q10(a)

	1	2	3	4	
C =	9	2	7	8	Person a
	6	4	3	7	Person b
	5	8	1	8	Person c
	7	6	9	4	Person d

- b. Apply Branch and Bound approach to solve the instance of 0/1 Knapsack problem.

KnapSack Capacity $W = 10$

Items	1	2	3	4
Weight	4	7	5	3
Value	\$ 40	\$ 42	\$ 25	\$ 12

Fig. Q10(b)

(10 Marks)
